Christ was born in a hay barn among the warm cows and the donkeys kneeling down: with Him divinity swept into the flesh and made it real.

Identity

An individual spider web identifies a species:

an order of instinct prevails
through all accidents of circumstance,
though possibility is
high along the peripheries of
spider

webs:
you can go all
around the fringing attachments

and find disorder ripe, entropy rich, high levels of random, numerous occasions of accident:

2) the possible settings of a web are infinite:

how does
the spider keep
identity
while creating the web
in a particular place?

how and to what extent and by what modes of chemistry and control?

it is wonderful how things work: I will tell you about it because

it is interesting
and because whatever is
moves in weeds
and stars and spider webs
and known

is loved: in that love, each of us knowing it, I love you,

for it moves within and beyond us, sizzles in winter grasses, darts and hangs with bumblebees by summer windowsills:

I will show you
the underlying that takes no image to itself,
cannot be shown or said,
but weaves in and out of moons and bladderweeds,
is all and
beyond destruction
because created fully in no
particular form:

if the web were perfectly pre-set, the spider could never find a perfect place to set it in: and

if the web were perfectly adaptable, if freedom and possibility were without limit, the web would lose its special identity:

the row-strung garden web keeps order at the center

where space is freest (interesting that the freest "medium" should accept the firmest order)

and that order

diminishes toward the

periphery
allowing at the points of contact
entropy equal to entropy.

Motion

The word is not the thing: is a construction of, a tag for, the thing: the word in no way resembles the thing, except as sound resembles, as in whirr, sound: the relation between what this as words is and what is is tenuous: we agree upon this as the net to cast on what is: the finger to point with: the method of distinguishing, defining, limiting: poems are fingers, methods, nets, not what is or was: but the music in poems is different, points to nothing,

traps no realities, takes no game, but by the motion of its motion resembles what, moving, is—the wind underleaf white against the tree.

WCW

I turned in by the bayshore and parked, the crosswind hitting me hard side the head, the bay scrappy and working: what a way to read Williams! till a woman came and turned her red dog loose to sniff (and piss on) the dead horseshoe crabs.

Corsons Inlet

I went for a walk over the dunes again this morning to the sea,

the kind of thing one, after four days penned up, is grateful to say and hear: I quote now to enrich the mix, to improve my stew from

the refrigerator of timeless ingredients:

"A large number of the inhabitants of a mud flat will be worms. It is hard to develop enthusiasm for worms, but it took nature more than a billion years to develop a good worm—meaning one that has specialized organs for digestion, respiration, circulation of the blood and excretion of wastes. All organisms perform these functions—amoebas, flagellates, bacteria or even filterable viruses; but the worms—at least the higher worms—do all these things better. They also developed segmentation or reduplication of parts, permitting increase in size with completely coordinated function. Contemporary architects call this modular construction. It is found in man in the spinal column, in the segmental arrangement of spinal nerves, and in some other features that are especially prominent during embryonic development."

The Sea by Robert C. Miller. Random House. New York, 1966. p. 165.

"We may sum up. Carbohydrates, fats, proteins, nucleic acids, and their various derivatives, together with water and other inorganic materials, plus numerous additional compounds found specifically in particular types of living matter—these are the molecular bricks out of which living matter is made. To be sure, a mere random pile of such bricks does not make a living structure, any more than a mere pile of real bricks makes a house. First and foremost, if the whole is to be living, the molecular components must be organized into a specific variety of larger microscopic bodies; and these in turn, into actual, appropriately structured cells."

The Science of Botany by Paul B. Weisz and Melvin S. Fuller. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., 1962. p. 48.

poems are verbal symbols for these organizations: they imprint upon the mind examples of integration in which the energy flows with maximum

effect and economy between the high levels of oneness and the aumerous subordinations and divisions of diversity: it is simply good to have the mind exposed to and reflected by such examples:

firms the mind, organizes its energy, and lets the controlled flows occur: that is simple good in itself: I can't stress that enough: it is not good for something else—although of course

it is good for infinite things else: so my point is that the poem is the symbolical representation of the ideal organization, whether the cell, the body politic, the business, the religious

group, the university, computer, or whatever: I used to wonder why, when they are so little met and understood, poems are taught in schools: they are taught because they are convenient examples

of the supreme functioning of one and many in an organization of cooperation and subordination: young minds, if they are to "take their place in society" need to learn patience—that oneness is

iot useful when easily derived, that manyness is not truthful when hinly selective—assent, that the part can, while insisting on is own identity, contribute to the whole, that the whole can

sustain and give meaning to the part: and when these things are beautifully—that is, well—done, pleasure is a bonus truth-functioning allows: that is why art is valuable: it is

extremely valuable: also, in its changing, it pictures how organizations can change, incorporate innovation, deal with accidence and surprise, and maintain their purpose—increasing the means and

ssuring the probability of survival: the point of change, though, brings me to a consideration of the adequacy of the transcendental regetative analogy: the analogy is so appealing, so swept with

conviction, that I hardly ever have the strength to question it: I've often said that a poem in becoming generates the laws of its own becoming: that certainly sounds like a tree, growing up with

to purpose but to become itself (regardless of the fact that many